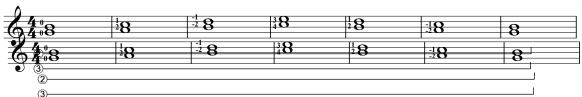
# Lesson 2

# Free Stroke Right Hand Development Patterns

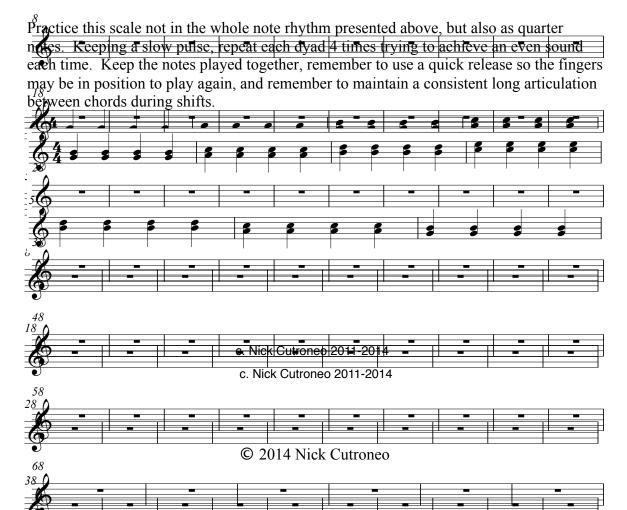
The presented patterns provide a systematic approach to develop initial Free Stroke Technique. The patterns are grouped based on a natural progression of easiest to difficult finger movement (IE – playing notes together in 3rds/chords is easier then individual fingers).

## Harmonized G Major Scale (partial)

The following harmonized G major scale in 3rds will be used throughout the whole series of exercises in Lesson 2. Familiarize yourself with the scale below. For the purpose of practicing the scale, use the *i* and *m* fingers.



Remember that the hyphen ( - ) before the numbers indicates the use of a guide finger. This means that you will use the same left hand fingers as the previous chord. Shift while keeping your fingers in contact with the string to ensure a smooth transition from one note to another.



# **Group 1: Notes Together**

The first group of patterns develops playing notes together to form dyads and chords. Remember that the left hand fingering from the harmonized G major scale will be used throughout all of the patterns while the right hand pattern changes.

#### Pattern 1

Use *i* and *m* throughout:



x =place the fingers on the strings

#### Pattern 2

Use *p*, *i* and *m* throughout:

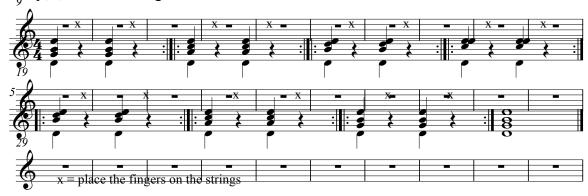




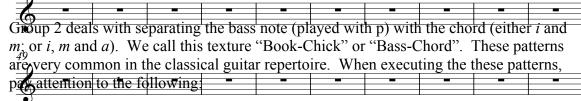
Notice that in the 4<sup>th</sup> measure you have 2 E notes. One of them is the open 1<sup>st</sup> string which you've been playing throughout the whole Pattern 3. The other is the fretted E note on the 2<sup>nd</sup> string/5<sup>th</sup> fret. You'll see this occur in several other patterns.

#### Pattern 4

Use p, i, m and a throughout



## Group 2: Bass-Chord



- 1) When the thumb plays, the fingers come out of the hand and place on the strings.
- 2) When the fingers play, the thumb prepares on the string.

## Pattern 5

Use *p*, *i*, and *m* throughout:







## Pattern 6

Use *p*, *i*, *m* and *a* throughout



